TILES PRODUCED.—(ANNUAL AVERAGE).

	Quantity.	Value.
	M.	š
1886- 7-8 1889-90-1 1892-3-4	$11,530 \\ 10,962$	162,247 138,847 193,952

825. The returns for the United States show that the value of the total production (mineral and metal) in 1894 was \$553,372,902, which is a decrease of \$82,473,904 or 13.37 per cent.

The returns for Canada show that the total value of the mineral and metal production in 1894 was \$1,550,000 more than in 1893, or an increase of 8 per cent.

In Canada the metallic products advanced from \$4,582,166 worth in 1893 to \$4,683,389, an increase of \$101,223.

While the quantity increased by 34.7 per cent, the value only increased by 2.2 per cent, showing a very considerable reduction in the price of the articles belonging to this class.

The experience of the United States is that while the quantity increased by about 4 per cent, the value was reduced by 16.4 per cent.

In Canada there was a decrease in value of 27.3 per cent, and in the

United States a decrease of 23.4 per cent.

In the United States the chief decrease was in copper, of which there were produced in 1893, 327,255,788 pounds, valued at \$35,179,997, and in 1894, 353,504,314 pounds, valued at \$33,540,489, showing a decrease in value per pound of 13·3 per cent.

Pig-iron in the United States showed a decrease from 7,043,384 tons in 1893, to 6,657,388 tons in 1894, and in value from \$93,888,309 to \$71,966,364.

In Canada the quantity of pig-iron made decreased from 55,947 tons in 1893, to 49,967 tons in 1894, and the value from \$790,283 to \$646,447.

In the United States the production of non-metallic articles dropped in value from \$377,476,784 in 1893, to \$353,670,787, a decrease of over 6 per cent.

In Canada the production of these articles increased 9.8 per cent, judged in the same way, viz., by values.

The production of bituminous coal, which article is really an index to the condition of manufacturing industry, showed in the United States a decrease from 1893 of about 11 million tons, or 9 per cent.

In Canada the production of bituminous coal showed an increase of 134,065 tons, or 3.6 per cent of an increase against the decrease of 9 per cent in the United States.

There was a reduction in the output of salt in both countries, in Canada of 5,125 tons, or 8 per cent, and in the United States of 75,931 tons, or nearly 6 per cent.